

Lead-In

rural (title)	He grew up in a ~ community where there were lots of farms.	Land-, ländlich
urban (title)	This town is too small for me. I want to live in a more ~ environment.	Stadt-, städtisch, urban
suburban [sə'bʌ:bən] (title)	Families often move to ~ areas where there is more space than in the city centre.	Vorstadt-, vorstädtisch
recreation (task 3a)	The old airport site will be used for public ~.	Erholung
preference ['prefrəns] (task 3b)	We could go swimming or play basketball – I don't have a ~.	Vorliebe

Words in Context: From Country to City to Suburb

(to be) located (l. 6)	The hospital is ~ near the main train station.	sich befinden
industrialization (l. 8)	= the development of industries in a country or place	Industrialisierung
urbanization (l. 8)	= movement of large numbers of people to cities or towns	Verstädterung, Urbanisierung
suburbanization (l. 11)	= movement of large numbers of people to the outskirts of cities creating suburbs	Suburbanisierung
policy (l. 11)	The state recently changed its ~ on drinking alcohol in public.	gesetzliche Bestimmung; politische Linie
motorization (l. 12)	M~ has enabled us to be a much freer society.	Motorisierung
availability (l. 12)	The ~ of jobs in the town increased since the car factory was opened there.	Verfügbarkeit
residential (l. 13)	We live in a quiet ~ area.	Wohn-, auf den Wohnsitz bezogen
outskirts (l. 13)	It takes me a long time to get into town because I live on the ~ of the city.	Stadttrand, Vorort
traffic congestion [kən'dʒestʃən] (l. 15)	Severe traffic ~ is caused by the thousands of people who drive to the city every day.	Verkehrsstau
drive-in facilities (l. 17)	= places such as restaurants and shops that you can go to without getting out of your car	Drive-in-Anlagen
town planning laws (l. 18)	= laws which determine how a town is built	Städtebaugesetze
resident (l. 19)	= someone who lives in a particular place	Anwohner/in, Ortsansässige/r
inner city (l. 23)	= the very centre of the city	Innenstadt

slum (l. 24)	<i>Slumdog Millionaire</i> is a film about the life of children from the ~s of Mumbai.	Slum, Elendsviertel
ghetto (l. 24)	She grew up in one of Los Angeles' poorest ~s.	Ghetto, Armenviertel
exodus (l. 24)	Better salaries caused a mass ~ of workers from East to West Germany.	Abwanderung
tax revenue ['revənju: ☆ -nu:] (l. 25)	= money gained by the state through taxes	Steuerertrag
infrastructure (l. 27)	The city had to invest in its public transport ~ before the Olympic Games.	Infrastruktur
upwardly mobile (l. 28)	= to be able to rise through social classes	hier: sozial aufstiegsfähig
revitalization (l. 34)	The ~ of her pop career is due to her recent marriage to a very famous football player.	Neubelebung, Wiederbelebung
affluent ['æfluənt] (l. 38)	After growing up in an ~ neighbourhood I was shocked by the poor living standards in the city centre.	wohlhabend, reich
professional (n) (l. 38)	The area is very popular with young ~s as there are lots of places to go out after work.	qualifizierte/r Berufstätige/r
'gentrification' (l. 42)	G~ of the area started when students began moving there because of the low rents.	soziale Umstrukturierung einer Wohngegend
yuppie = young urban professional ['jʌpi] (l. 43)	Y~s are turning inner-city warehouses into luxury homes and raising city house prices.	Yuppie, Angehörige/r der städtischen oberen Mittelschicht
amenity [ə'mi:nəti ☆ ə'menəti] (l. 45)	Our area has lots of public ~s: a swimming pool, a skatepark, two cinemas and a large playpark.	Vorzug, Annehmlichkeit
(to) commute [kə'mju:t] (l. 46)	C~ing more than an hour to work can increase stress levels.	pendeln

A1 Celebrating Diversity: London

(to) evolve (l. 2)	= to change and develop over time	sich entwickeln
survivor (l. 3)	There were only three ~s of the air crash.	Überlebende/r
prosperity (l. 5)	We live in a time of wealth and ~.	Wohlstand
merchant ['mɜ:tʃənt] (l. 25)	= someone who sells things	Händler; hier: jmd., der sein Wissen verkauft
density (l. 27)	The population ~ of Namibia is 2.5 people per square km.	Dichte
(to) facilitate sth. (l. 27)	Improvements in communication technology have helped to ~ global business.	etwas erleichtern; etwas fördern

(to) provide sth. (l. 29)	Scotland ~s a great environment for tourists who enjoy outdoor activities.	etwas bieten, etwas bereitstellen
(to) boom (l. 38)	Software companies ~ed with the widespread introduction of personal computers.	boomen, florieren
cosmopolitan (adj) (l. 47)	C~ life in Berlin attracted many artists in the 1920s.	kosmopolitisch, weltoffen
crucial ['kru:ʃl] (l. 48)	It's ~ that we win this game if we want to make it to the final.	entscheidend, ausschlaggebend

B1 Back to the Heartland

urge (n) (l. 7)	Sometimes I have an ~ to just leave my problems behind and go travelling.	Drang; Verlangen
vast [vɑ:st ☆ væst] (l. 7)	Australia has ~ unpopulated areas.	ausgedehnt; weit
edge (l. 9)	I chose to live on the ~ of the city so that I could commute easily.	Rand; Kante
(to) fear (l. 11)	Some people ~ that information on social networking sites will be used against them.	fürchten
icon ['aɪkən] (l. 14)	Mickey Mouse is an ~ for children's entertainment.	Symbol; Zeichen
innocence (l. 14)	Mary has a child-like ~ and always likes to believe that everybody is a good person.	Unschuld
slightly (l. 15)	= a little bit	kaum merklich
infinite (l. 39)	She looked out across the ~ desert landscape.	unendlich, grenzenlos
consciousness ['kɒnʃəsnəs ☆ 'kɑ:n-] (l. 41)	The recent flooding has raised environmental ~.	Bewusstsein
(to) overcome sb. (l. 42)	Every now and then homesickness ~s me.	jdn. überwältigen

B2 Rural America – Myth and Reality

(to) reflect sth. (l. 2)	Our nation ~s the success of democracy.	etwas widerspiegeln
(to) consider sb./sth. as sth. (l. 3)	He's ~ed the most successful living artist on the planet.	jdn./etwas für jdn./etwas halten
countryside (l. 5)	My grandmother has a farm in the ~.	hier: ländliche Gegend
essential (l. 5)	Having the right to vote is an ~ principle of a democratic nation.	essentiell, wesentlich
proportion (l. 9)	The ~ of men to women in top jobs is still seen as unequal.	Verhältnis

overall (<i>adj</i>) (l. 9)	What European country has the highest ~ population?	allumfassend, gesamt
exception (l. 10)	Badly behaved children in this school are the ~.	Ausnahme
(to) transform (l. 11)	Her experience as a doctor in Africa ~ed her outlook on life.	umwandeln
reward (l. 15)	My mum gave me a necklace as a ~ for my good school report.	Belohnung
tie (<i>n</i>) (l. 16)	I still have close ~s to my family in South Africa even though I haven't lived there for 20 years.	Verbindung, Verbundenheit
contemporary [kən'temprəri ☆ -pərəri] (l. 22)	I prefer ~ novels to classics.	gegenwärtig, heute
inhabitant (l. 25)	The ~s of the village are trying to preserve the traditional way of life.	Bewohner/in
extensive (l. 27)	Social networking sites are used ~ly by teenagers and young adults.	ausgiebig
addiction (l. 36)	Internet ~ is a growing problem.	Abhängigkeit, Sucht
(to) perceive sb./sth. (l. 37)	The colour of our hair can affect the way people ~ us.	jdn./etwas wahrnehmen

C1 The New Suburban Culture

(to) float (l. 6)	Las Vegas, in Nevada, ~s in the middle of the vast desert.	hier: für sich allein stehen
beyond (l. 6)	The explorers set off to discover what lay ~ the canyon.	jenseits, außerhalb
(to) decline (l. 7)	The number of British students studying languages at school has ~d.	abnehmen, zurückgehen
(to) expand (l. 10)	This area used to be farmland but the city has ~ed so rapidly that it is full of houses and shopping centres.	sich ausbreiten, sich ausdehnen
upside down (l. 11)	My life was turned ~ down after I won the lottery.	umgekehrt; auf den Kopf gestellt
(to) account for sth. (l. 12)	Lake Baikal in Russia ~s for around 20 % of the world's fresh water.	etwas ausmachen
sense (l. 20)	She has an excellent ~ of direction.	Sinn; Gefühl
(to) define sth. (l. 21)	It's difficult to ~ how I felt after passing my school leaving exams.	etwas bestimmen, etwas definieren
regular (l. 44)	The Jones family live in a ~ suburban house.	normal
(to) perform sth. (l. 49)	The magician ~ed the old trick of turning a bunch of flowers into a rabbit.	etwas vorführen; hier: einen Trick beherrschen

custom (l. 57)	= a tradition	Brauch; Gewohnheit
pattern (l. 57)	= a regular way in which things occur	Struktur, Muster
(to) influence sb./sth. (l. 65)	My parents and friends ~ a lot of my decisions in life.	jdn./etwas beeinflussen
casual (l. 67)	You won't be allowed into the restaurant in ~ clothes.	lässig
anxiety [æŋ'zaɪəti] (l. 69)	When I worked in a stressful job in the city I had problems with ~.	Angst, Beklemmung

C2 Morning in Paradise

(to) dig, (dug, dug) (l. 2)	Over the past decade the river has ~ a large hole out of the side of the cliff.	hier: aushöhlen
stream (l. 3)	Sometimes we catch fish in the small ~ which runs through our back garden.	Fluss
known as (l. 3)	New York is also ~ as the 'Big Apple'.	bekannt als
condition (l. 8)	I'm allowed to get a dog on the ~ that I take it for a walk every day.	Bedingung, Auflage
restriction (l. 8)	There are heavy ~s on what you can take on aeroplanes.	Beschränkung
(to be) in a rush (l. 19)	'Sorry, I can't stop for a chat – I'm in a ~ .'	in Eile sein
(to) apply sth. (l. 28)	You should always ~ sun screen before sunbathing.	hier: etwas auftragen
herbal tea (l. 31)	I find drinking ~ tea helps me relax.	Kräutertee