## Words in Context: On the Way to Adulthood

adulthood (headline)	When you reach ~, you have new rights, but also new duties as a citizen.	Erwachsenenalter
onset of puberty ['pju:bəti] (1. 5)	The ~ of puberty can come as a surprise to many teenagers.	Einsetzen der Pubertät
body changes (1. 7)	The ~ changes at the onset of puberty can come as a shock.	körperliche Veränderungen
mood swings (usu. pl) (l. 8)	With puberty come the inevitable hormones and this can lead to ~.	Stimmungsschwankungen
adolescent (n) [,ædə'lesnt] (l. 11)	Being an ~ is like being stuck between two worlds: the adult world and the child world.	Jugendliche(r), Heranwachsende(r)
sexual orientation ['sekʃuəl] (1. 15)	It is in those early years of adolescence that many determine their <b>sexual</b> ~.	sexuelle Orientierung
budding sexuality (l. 16)	Many teenagers blame silly things they do on their <b>budding</b> ~ and the hormones that come with it.	erwachende Sexualität
sexual maturity [mə't∫ʊərəti ☆ -'t∫ʊr-] (l. 17)	Teenagers reach <b>sexual</b> ~ at different ages.	Geschlechtsreife
emotional side of a relationship (1. 17)	It can be hard for teenagers to deal with the ~ side of a ~.	emotionale Seite einer Beziehung
peer pressure (l. 18)	All of us have felt the effects of <b>peer</b> ~, but not all of us have given in to it.	Gruppenzwang
sexually active (l. 18)	According to reports teenagers are becoming <b>sexually</b> ~ at a younger age than before.	sexuell aktiv
young adult (l. 19)	The transition from being teenagers to <b>young ~s</b> is a gradual process.	junge(r) Erwachsene(r)
(to) lose one's virginity [və'dʒɪnəti] (l. 20)	Her boyfriend was putting her under pressure, but she did not want to <b>lose her</b> ~.	seine Unschuld verlieren
rite of passage (1. 20)	Getting one's driver's licence is a ~ of passage that most teenagers go through.	Übergangsritus
teenage pregnancy (l. 21)	The rising number of <b>teenage ~cies</b> is of great concern to the government.	Schwangerschaft im Jugendalter
sexually transmitted disease (l. 22)	Lessons on ~ transmitted ~s are often part of the curriculum in schools.	Geschlechtskrankheit
adolescence [,ædə'lesns] (l. 23 )	Many teenagers get a nose piercing and listen to rock music as soon as they hit ~.	Pubertät; Jugend



(to) emancipate oneself from sb./sth. [ɪ'mænsɪpeɪt] (l. 23)	Adolescents start to ~ themselves <b>from</b> their parents and try to gain some freedom.	sich von jdn./etwas emanzipieren
teen angst (l. 25)	The increase of hormones and changes often leads to <b>teen</b> ~.	Zustand der Angst und Unsicherheit während der Pubertät
generational conflict (1. 26)	The attempt by parents to control teenagers often result in a ~ conflict.	Generationskonflikt
generation gap (l. 27)	The ~ <b>gap</b> is to a large extent to blame for the misunderstandings between parents and their children.	Unterschied zwischen den Generationen
youth culture (l. 29)	He liked to keep up-to-date with the latest trends and changes in <b>youth</b> ~.	Jugendkultur
(to) <b>define</b> oneself <b>through</b> sth. (1. 29)	I wouldn't ~ myself ~ the music I listen to, but punk music and style is a big part of my life.	sich über etwas definieren
difficult parent-child relationship (l. 32)	Major events like moving house or divorce can sometimes lead to a <b>difficult parent-child</b> ~.	schwierige Eltern-Kind- Beziehung
drug abuse (l. 35)	According to the police, there has recently been an increase in <b>drug</b> ~ among teens.	Drogenmissbrauch
binge drinking [bɪndʒ] (1. 35)	The government is concerned about the growth in ~ <b>drinking</b> at the weekends.	exzessiver Alkoholkonsum
(to) leave school (l. 38)	I <b>left</b> ~ before finishing my A-levels and now I regret it.	von der Schule abgehen
growing up (n) (l. 38)	Making mistakes is a natural part of ~ up.	Heranwachsen; Erwachsenwerden
goals and ambitions in life (1. 39)	It takes time for teenagers to set ~ and ~ in life.	Lebensziele; Lebensentwurf
career (1. 40)	I'd like to have a ~ in the media.	(berufliche) Laufbahn, Karriere
further education (1. 40)	The government have set the goal for 50% of young people to go on to <b>further</b> ~.	weiterführende Ausbildung
gap year (l. 41)	Taking a ~ <b>year</b> before starting university can help you recharge your batteries.	Bezeichnung für das Jahr zwischen Schule und Studium oder Beruf
(to) define one's goals (l. 41)	It takes time to get to know what one wants in life. When one knows that, then one can ~ one's ~.	sich eigene Ziele stecken; sich der eigenen Ziele bewusst werden
military or social service (l. 42)	In certain countries citizens are obliged to perform ~ or social ~.	Wehr- oder Zivildienst
job or university application (l. 43)	There is life after school and students prepare for this by filling out many ~ and university ~s.	Bewerbung für Beruf oder Universität



#### A1 Surveys on Youth

(to) go without sth.	Internet addiction is very	auf etwas verzichten
(illustration)	common among teenagers and	
	many claim they could never ~	
	without it.	

## A2 Two Poems, On the Disco Floor

laser beam (l. 1)	The thief avoided the <b>laser ~s</b> to get to the diamond.	Laserstrahl
mane (l. 18)	The lion shook his thick ~ as he roared.	Mähne

## A2 Two Poems, Football Training

sideline throw (l. 5)	The ball went off the pitch so Beckham went over for a ~ throw.	Einwurf vom Spielfeldrand
penalty kick (l. 8)	After a bad foul, they were awarded a ~ kick.	Strafstoß
(to) <b>tackle</b> sb./sth. ( <i>l.</i> 15)	He was running toward the goal and was about to kick the ball when he was <b>~ed</b> from the side.	jdn./etwas angreifen
press-up (l. 17)	I was cheeky so the coach told me to do 20 ~s as punishment.	Liegestütz
(to) pull a muscle ['mʌsl] (l. 18)	The footballer <b>~ed a muscle</b> and could not play on.	sich eine Muskelzerrung zuziehen
<b>ref</b> = referee (1. 22)	The crowd booed the ~ when he awarded the team a penalty.	Schiedsrichter
serve (n) (task 4 a)	The game started with a strong ~.	Aufschlag

## **B2 Group Portrait**

pathetic [pəˈθetɪk] (l. 25)	'The childish way he acts is just so ~. I feel sorry for him!'	armselig, jämmerlich; erbärmlich
jerk [dʒɜ:k] (infml) (l. 25)	'Steve, stop being a ~ and help me with the cooking!'	Trottel; Idiot

#### **C1 Repetitions**

pang	I've been having ~s of	plötzlicher Schmerz
(l. 9)	homesickness since I moved	
	away from Germany.	

## C2 I Care for You Very Much

abstinence (1. 1)	It is now fashionable in the USA to wear 'purity rings' to show your	Enthaltsamkeit
	~.	



(to) <b>shrug</b> sth. <b>off</b> ( <i>l</i> . 5)	He <b>~ed off</b> his responsibilities as a father and abandoned his family.	etwas mit einem Achselzucken abtun
gallon (l. 8)	During a shortage the price of a ~ of petrol increases.	Flüssigkeitsmaß; entspricht 4,5 Litern bzw. 3,8 Litern in den USA
scoop (n) (l. 9)	'I'll have 2 ~s please. One chocolate and one strawberry!'	Portion, Kugel
(to) <b>dent</b> sth. (l. 11)	He accidentally drove into a street sign and <b>~ed</b> his car.	etwas eindellen; etwas eindrücken
spasm ['spæzəm] (l. 11)	After the accident he suffered from painful <b>~s</b> in his neck.	Krampf
sundae ['sʌndeɪ] (I. 21)	I'll have the chocolate ~ with cream, please.	Eisbecher
barrel (1. 30)	= big container	hier: Bottich; Eiscontainer
craggy (l.36)	The rocks were dangerously ~.	rau
(to) <b>keel</b> (over) ( <i>l.</i> 37)	'He was so handsome I could have <b>~ed</b> over!'	umkippen
(to) hit a chord [ko:d] (l. 37)	His speech ~ a ~ with me and made me think.	(bei jdm.) den richtigen Ton treffen; (bei jdm.) auf Anklang stoßen
distinctive (l. 42)	He had such a ~ voice, that I heard him through the crowd.	sich abhebend, verschieden
freshman (l. 48)	When I was a ~ I spent the whole first year partying!	Student im ersten Jahr
major (l. 49)	My ~ was French, but I switched courses in my second year.	Hauptstudienrichtung, Hauptfach
mere (l. 53)	The average wage is a ~ \$8 an hour. No one can live on that!	Bold
term paper (l. 56)	She handed in her ~ paper and went straight to a party. She was done!	Semesterarbeit, Hausarbeit
in-depth [depθ] <i>(adj) (l.</i> 59)	In his in-~ study the student analyses the effect of alcohol on teenagers.	tiefgehend
(to) <b>groan</b> (l. 68)	The students <b>~ed</b> when the teacher announced that there war going to be a test.	stöhnen
(to) backfire (l. 85)	It was a dangerous venture and highly likely to ~.	nach hinten losgehen
out of hand (l. 90)	Everything was under control and then it suddenly got ~ of ~.	außer Kontrolle
dorm = dormitory (I. 95)	There are 300 students that live in my ~ and the parties are wild.	hier: Studentenwohnheim



(to) <b>tingle</b> ( <i>l.</i> 103)	I left the building into the cold and my ears started to ~ as the rain hit them.	kribbeln; prickeln
(to) <b>scatter</b> ( <i>l.</i> 112)	Rather than unpack his suitcase, he <b>~ed</b> the contents across the room.	zerstreuen
tender (l. 119)	The mother held her baby ~ly and smiled to herself.	zärtlich; liebevoll
(to) <b>hurl</b> sth. (I. 120)	She was so angry that she <b>~ed</b> the bottle at the wall.	etwas schleudern
(to) <b>embrace</b> sth. ( <i>l.</i> 126)	Right after she finished school she <b>~ed</b> the chance to spend a year abroad.	hier: etwas ergreifen; eine Chance wahrnehmen
(to) get the idea (infml) (I. 129)	'There's no need to go on and on about it. I get the ~!'	verstehen

# D2 Report on an Expedition

habitat (1. 3)	Due to the destruction of their natural ~, many species are becoming extinct.	Lebensraum
bound for (1. 7)	'Welcome to Flight EG54321 ~ for Los Angeles!'	unterwegs nach
remote (I. 7)	In ~ parts of Australia children have their school lessons over the radio!	abgelegen, entlegen
virgin territory (l. 20)	Deep in the Amazon jungle there are still ~ territories where no man has ever set foot.	unberührtes Land
(to) venture out (l. 28)	I didn't fancy sitting in front of the telly again so we ~d out to the theatre. It was great!	aufbrechen
poacher ['pəut∫ə(r) ☆ 'pout∫-] (I. 28)	Three ~s were caught hunting tigers in the national reserve.	Wilderer
(to) <b>harm</b> sb./sth. ( <i>l.</i> 33)	'I'm really sorry! I never meant to ~ you!'	jmd./etwas Schaden zufügen
(to) <b>hold</b> sth. <b>back</b> (l. 43)	The police believed that the suspect was ~ing back information.	etwas verschweigen
cheesy (l. 49)	The film was wonderful except for the ~, romantic ending.	hier: sentimental; abgedroschen
(to) <b>bond with</b> sb. ( <i>l.</i> 50)	When we found out we had a lot in common, we <b>~ed with</b> one another.	sich mit jdm. anfreunden
worthwhile (l. 53)	I am happy I volunteered at the nursery. It was really ~.	lohnend

